

EOSC Nordic

Nordic and Baltic collaboration beyond the EOSC-Nordic project



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24 Participants – 10 countries



Iceland UNIVERSITY OF ICELAND

Norway

- NORDFORSK
- UNINETT SIGMA2 AS
- NORWEGIAN CENTER FOR RESEARCH DATA

Denmark

- DENMARK TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY
- UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN DENMARK
- DANISH NATIONAL ARCHIVES
- UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN
- CAPITAL REGION OF DENMARK
- NORDUNET / AS

Sweden

- UNIVERSITY OF UPPSALA SWEDISH RESEARCH COUNCIL UNIVERSITY OF
- GOTHENBORG

FINLAND FINNISH

SCIENCE

Finland

METEOROLOGICAL INSTITUTE

CSC – IT CENTER OF

 UNIVERSITY OF HELSINKI UNIVERSITY OF TAMPERE

UNIVERSITY OF EASTERN

Estonia

- UNIVERSITY OF TARTU
- NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF CHEMICAL PHYSICS AND BIOPHYSICS

Latvia

 RIGA TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY

Lithuania

UNIVERSITY OF VILNIUS

Netherlands GoFair

Germany

DKRZ

EOSC-Nordic and sustainability



- Project lifetime: September 2019 August 2022
- Aim of the project is to facilitate the coordination of EOSC relevant initiatives within the Nordic and Baltic countries and exploit synergies to achieve greater harmonisation at policy and service provisioning across these countries.
- Sustainability in EOSC-Nordic is a two-fold task:
 - 1. Issues related to EOSC sustainability, such as funding & business models and strategies regularly discussed with policy makers and funding authorities.
 - 2. Project sustainability plan will be used to present the EOSC value proposition and will propose recommendations for sustaining collaboration in the context of EOSC.

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- Aim of today's discussion is to analyse the added benefit of Nordic and Baltic collaboration and the role of Nordic and Baltic collaboration (particularly the discussion on policies, legal issues and sustainability) in the context of EOSC beyond the EOSC-Nordic project.
- Nordic and Baltic collaboration has a long history what added value does it bring or can bring to the development of EOSC?
- Which elements of the project are such that they <u>need attention</u> on regional level also after and beyond the project, or are there such things?
- What kind of legislative harmonisation there needs to be in order for EOSC to work and does the Nordic and Baltic coordination have a role in this?